Critical Log Review Checklist for Security Incidents

This cheat sheet presents a checklist for reviewing critical logs when responding to a security incident. It can also be used for routine log review. It was authored by <u>Dr. Anton Chuvakin</u> and <u>Lenny Zeltser</u>. To print, use the one-sheet <u>PDF</u> version; you can also edit the <u>Word</u> version for you own needs. If you like this, take a look at my other <u>IT cheat sheets</u>.

General Approach

- 1. Identify which log sources and automated tools you can use during the analysis.
- 2. Copy log records to a single location where you will be able to review them.
- 3. Minimize "noise" by removing routine, repetitive log entries from view after confirming that they are benign.
- 4. Determine whether you can rely on logs' time stamps; consider time zone differences.
- 5. Focus on recent changes, failures, errors, status changes, access and administration events, and other events unusual for your environment.
- 6. Go backwards in time from now to reconstruct actions after and before the incident.
- 7. Correlate activities across different logs to get a comprehensive picture.
- 8. Develop theories about what occurred; explore logs to confirm or disprove them.

Potential Security Log Sources

- Server and workstation operating system logs
- Application logs (e.g., web server, database server)
- Security tool logs (e.g., anti-virus, change detection, intrusion detection/prevention system)
- Outbound proxy logs and end-user application logs
- Remember to consider other, non-log sources for security events.

Typical Log Locations

- Linux OS and core applications: /var/log
- Windows OS and core applications: Windows Event Log (Security, System, Application)
- Network devices: usually logged via Syslog; some use proprietary locations and formats

What to Look for on Linux

"Accepted password", "Accepted publickey",
"session opened" "authentication failure" "failed password"
"session closed"
"password changed", "new user",
"delete user"
"sudo: COMMAND=""FAILED su"
"failed" or "failure"

What to Look for on Windows

Event IDs are listed below for Windows 2000/XP. For Vista/7 security event ID, add 4096 to the event ID. Most of the events below are in the Security log; many are only logged on the domain controller. User logon/logoff events Successful logon 528, 540; failed logon 529-537, 539; logoff 538, 551, etc Created 624; enabled 626; changed 642; disabled 629; User account changes deleted 630 Password changes To self: 628; to others: 627 Service started or stopped 7035, 7036, etc. Object access denied (if auditing 560, 567, etc enabled)

What to Look for on Network Devices

Look at both inbound and outbound activities.

Examples below show log excerpts from Cisco ASA logs; other devices have similar functionality.

Traffic allowed on firewall	"Built connection", "access-list permitted"
Traffic blocked on firewall	"access-list denied", "deny inbound",
	"Deny by"
Bytes transferred (large files?)	"Teardown TCP connection duration bytes"
Bandwidth and protocol usage	"limit exceeded","CPU utilization"
Detected attack activity	"attack from"
User account changes	"user added", "user deleted",
	"User priv level changed"
Administrator access	"AAA user","User locked out",

"login failed"

What to Look for on Web Servers

Excessive access attempts to non-existent filesCode (SQL, HTML) seen as part of the URLAccess to extensions you have not implementedWeb service stopped/started/failed messagesAccess to "risky" pages that accept user inputLook at logs on all servers in the load balancer poolError code 200 on files that are not yoursFailed user authenticationInvalid requestError code 401, 403Internal server error

Other Resources

- <u>Windows event ID lookup</u>
- <u>A listing of many Windows Security Log events</u>
- <u>A list of open-source log analysis tools</u>
- <u>Anton Chuvakin's log management blog</u>
- Other security incident response-related cheat sheets

Post-Scriptum

Special thanks to Anand Sastry for providing feedback on this cheat sheet. If you have suggestions for improving this cheat sheet, please <u>let us know</u>. This cheat sheet is also hosted on <u>Dr. Anton Chivakin's website</u>. This cheat sheet is distributed according to the <u>Creative</u> <u>Commons v3 "Attribution" License</u>. File version 1.0.1.

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